A particle of mass 2 kg is on a smooth horizontal table and moves in a circular path of radius 0.6m. The height of the table from the ground is 0.8 m. If the angular speed of the particle is 12 rad s⁻¹, the magnitude of its angular momentum about a point on the ground right under the centre of the circle is:

[JEE MAIN (Online) 2015] (A) $8.64 \text{ kg m}^2\text{s}^{-1}$ (B) $11.52 \text{ kg m}^2\text{s}^{-1}$ (C) $14.4 \text{ kg m}^2\text{s}^{-1}$ (D) $20.16 \text{ kg m}^2\text{s}^{-1}$

Sol.
$$L_0 = mvr \sin 90^\circ$$

 $= m(0.6\omega)r$

 $= 14.4 \text{ kgm}^2/\text{s}$

 $= 2 \times 0.6 \times 12 \times 1$