

Concept to remember:

Chemical Thermodynamics-IV:

Heat absorbed or evolved at constant pressure is heat of reaction or enthalpy of reaction ( $\Delta_r H$ )

If  $q_p > 0 \rightarrow \Delta_r H > 0 \rightarrow$  endothermic reaction

If  $q_p < 0 \rightarrow \Delta_r H < 0 \rightarrow$  exothermic reaction

For a reaction, if change in gas molecule before and after the reaction is 0, then  $\Delta H = \Delta U$

(as  $\Delta n_g = 0$ )

$\Delta_r H = (\text{sum of enthalpies of products}) - (\text{sum of enthalpies of reactants})$

$$= \sum a_p H_{\text{products}} - \sum a_r H_{\text{reactants}}$$