

4. Let m and n be two positive integers greater than 1. If

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{e^{\cos(\alpha^n)} - e}{\alpha^m} \right) = -\left(\frac{e}{2} \right) \text{ then the value of } \frac{m}{n} \text{ is}$$

(JEE Adv. 2015)

Solution: -

$$\begin{aligned} 4. \quad (2) \quad \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\cos \alpha^n} - e}{\alpha^m} &= \frac{-e}{2} \\ \Rightarrow \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \frac{e \left[e^{\cos \alpha^n - 1} - 1 \right]}{\cos \alpha^n - 1} \times \frac{\cos \alpha^n - 1}{\alpha^m} &= \frac{-e}{2} \\ \Rightarrow e \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2 \sin^2 \frac{\alpha^n}{2} \times \left(\frac{\alpha^n}{2} \right)^2}{\left(\frac{\alpha^n}{2} \right)^2} \times \frac{\left(\frac{\alpha^n}{2} \right)^2}{\alpha^m} &= \frac{-e}{2} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{-e}{2} \alpha^{2n-m} &= \frac{-e}{2} \text{ or } \alpha^{2n-m} = 1 \\ \Rightarrow 2n - m = 0 &\Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} = 2 \end{aligned}$$