

FORMULAE SHEET

(a) **Area bounded by a curve with x – axis:** $\text{Area} = \int_a^b y \, dx = \int_a^b f(x) \, dx$

(b) **Area bounded by a curve with y – axis:** $\text{Area} = \int_c^d x \, dy = \int_c^d f(y) \, dy$

(c) **Area of a curve in parametric form:** $\text{Area} = \int_a^b y \, dx = \int_{t_2}^{t_1} g(t)f'(t) \, dt$

(d) **Positive and Negative Area:** $A = \left| \int_a^c f(x) \, dx \right| + \left| \int_c^b f(x) \, dx \right|;$

(e) **Area between two curves:**

(i) Area enclosed between two curves intersecting at two different points.

$$\text{Area} = \int_a^b (y_1 - y_2) \, dx = \int_a^b [f_1(x) - f_2(x)] \, dx$$

(ii) Area enclosed between two curves intersecting at one point and the x – axis.

$$\text{Area} = \int_a^c f_1(x) \, dx + \int_c^b f_2(x) \, dx$$

(iii) Area bounded by two intersecting curves and lines parallel to y – axis.

$$\text{Area} = \int_a^c (f(x) - g(x)) \, dx + \int_c^b (g(x) - f(x)) \, dx$$

(a) **Standard Areas:**

(i) Area bounded by two parabolas $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4by$; $a > 0, b > 0$: $\text{Area} = \frac{16ab}{3}$

(ii) Area bounded by Parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and Line $y = mx$: $\text{Area} = \frac{8a^2}{3m^3}$

(iii) Area of an Ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$: $\text{Area} = \pi ab$