

A particle moves in the  $x$ - $y$  plane under the influence of a force such that its linear momentum is  $\mathbf{p}(t) = A[\hat{\mathbf{i}} \cos(kt) - \hat{\mathbf{j}} \sin(kt)]$ , where,  $A$  and  $k$  are constants. The angle between the force and the momentum is (2007, 3M)

(a)  $0^\circ$       (b)  $30^\circ$       (c)  $45^\circ$       (d)  $90^\circ$

Solution

$$P(t) = A(\hat{i} \cos(kt) - \hat{j} \sin(kt))$$

$$F(t) = m \frac{dP(t)}{dt}$$

$$F(t) = AK(-\hat{i} \sin(kt) - \hat{j} \cos(kt))$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{P(t) \cdot F(t)}{|P(t)| |F(t)|} = \frac{A^2 K(0)}{(A)(AK)} = 0$$

A, option