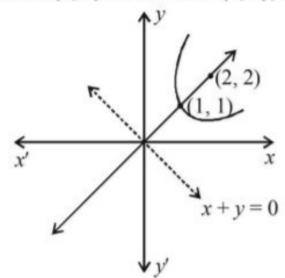
- **7.** The axis of a parabola is along the line y = x and the distances of its vertex and focus from origin are $\sqrt{2}$ and $2\sqrt{2}$ respectively. If vertex and focus both lie in the first quadrant, then the equation of the parabola is (2006 - 3M, -1)

- (a) $(x+y)^2 = (x-y-2)$ (b) $(x-y)^2 = (x+y-2)$ (c) $(x-y)^2 = 4(x+y-2)$ (d) $(x-y)^2 = 8(x+y-2)$

Solution: -

- (d) Since, distance of vertex from origin is $\sqrt{2}$ and focus is $2\sqrt{2}$
 - :. Vertex is (1, 1) and focus is (2, 2), directrix x+y=0



: Equation of parabola is

$$(x-2)^{2} + (y-2)^{2} = \left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(x^{2} - 4x + 4) + 2(y^{2} - 4y + 4) = x^{2} + y^{2} + 2xy$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{2} + y^{2} - 2xy = 8(x+y-2)$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-y)^{2} = 8(x+y-2)$$