

6. Consider the hyperbola  $H : x^2 - y^2 = 1$  and a circle  $S$  with center  $N(x_2, 0)$ . Suppose that  $H$  and  $S$  touch each other at a point  $P(x_1, y_1)$  with  $x_1 > 1$  and  $y_1 > 0$ . The common tangent to  $H$  and  $S$  at  $P$  intersects the  $x$ -axis at point  $M$ . If  $(l, m)$  is the centroid of the triangle  $PMN$ , then the correct expression(s) is(are) *(JEE Adv. 2015)*

- (a)  $\frac{dl}{dx_1} = 1 - \frac{1}{3x_1^2}$  for  $x_1 > 1$
- (b)  $\frac{dm}{dx_1} = \frac{x_1}{3(\sqrt{x_1^2 - 1})}$  for  $x_1 > 1$
- (c)  $\frac{dl}{dx_1} = 1 + \frac{1}{3x_1^2}$  for  $x_1 > 1$
- (d)  $\frac{dm}{dy_1} = \frac{1}{3}$  for  $y_1 > 0$

**Solution: -**

6. **(a, b, d)**  $H : x^2 - y^2 = 1$   $S$  : Circle with centre  $N(x_2, 0)$   
Common tangent to  $H$  and  $S$  at  $P(x_1, y_1)$  is

$$xx_1 - yy_1 = 1 \Rightarrow m_1 = \frac{x_1}{y_1}$$

Also radius of circle S with centre  $N(x_2, 0)$  through point of contact  $(x_1, y_1)$  is perpendicular to tangent

$$\therefore m_1 m_2 = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{x_1}{y_1} \times \frac{0 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = x_2 - x_1 \text{ or } x_2 = 2x_1$$

$M$  is the point of intersection of tangent at  $P$  and  $x$ -axis

$$\therefore M\left(\frac{1}{x_1}, 0\right)$$

$\therefore$  Centroid of  $\Delta PMN$  is  $(\ell, m)$

$$\therefore x_1 + \frac{1}{x_1} + x_2 = 3\ell \text{ and } y_1 = 3m$$

Using  $x_2 = 2x_1$ ,

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}\left(3x_1 + \frac{1}{x_1}\right) = \ell \text{ and } \frac{y_1}{3} = m$$

$$\therefore \frac{d\ell}{dx_1} = 1 - \frac{1}{3x_1^2}, \frac{dm}{dy_1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Also  $(x_1, y_1)$  lies on H,  $\therefore x_1^2 - y_1^2 = 1$  or  $y_1 = \sqrt{x_1^2 - 1}$

$$\therefore m = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x_1^2 - 1} \quad \therefore \frac{dm}{dx_1} = \frac{x_1}{3\sqrt{x_1^2 - 1}}$$