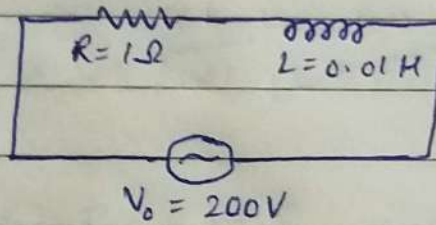


7.23 A coil of 0.01 henry inductance and 1 ohm resistance is connected to 200 volt, 50 Hz ac supply. Find the impedance of the circuit and time lag between max. alternating voltage and current.

23.



$$\nu = 50\text{ Hz (given)} \Rightarrow \omega = 2\pi\nu$$

$$\omega = \frac{100\text{ rad/s}}{100\pi}$$

$$\therefore X_L = \omega L = \frac{100\pi}{100\pi} (0.01)$$

$$X_L = \pi \Omega$$

$$\therefore Z = \sqrt{X_R^2 + X_L^2} = \sqrt{1 + \pi^2}$$

$$Z = \sqrt{1 + \pi^2} \approx 3.3 \Omega$$

$$\therefore \tan \phi = \frac{X_L}{R} = \frac{\pi}{1} = \pi$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = \tan^{-1}(3.14)$$

$$\phi = 72^\circ = \frac{72 \times \pi}{180} \Rightarrow 1.2$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = 1.2 \text{ radian}$$

We know that

$$\phi = \omega t \quad (\star \phi \text{ \& } \omega \text{ must be in radians})$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{\phi}{\omega} = \frac{72 \times \pi}{180 \times 2 \times \pi \times 50} = 1 \text{ s.}$$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{t = \frac{1 \text{ sec.}}{250}}$ is the time lag between maximum voltage and current.