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Tips and Tricks	5	• • •	0 0 U 0 0 0	• • • • •	• • •	• • • • •
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Visual Tip: If	you really don't u	understand c	cartesian prod	luct then t	his might	help.
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•	A×B			· · · ·		• • • •
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The Cartesian	product of given s	sets A and B	is given as	a combinat	ion of dis	tinct
	iangles and stars.					
from the given		• • • •		• • •	· · · · ·	• • •
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • •				• - • • •
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Formula Tip-1	To quickly get nu	umber of ele	ments in the	final cart	esian prod	uct.
			• • •			
If there are a That means:	n elements in A and	d n elements	in B, then t	here will	be mn elem	ents in A >
That means:	n elements in A and A) = m and n(B) = 1		s in B, then t $n(A \times B) = 1$		be mņ ėlem	ents in A >
That means:					be mņ ėlem	ents in A >
That means:					be mņ ėlem	ents in A >
That means:		n	n (A × B) = 1			ents in A >
That means: n(	A) = m and n(B) = n Cartesian product	n	n(A × B) = 1 section or un			ents in A ×
That means: n(	A) = m and n(B) = n	n	n(A × B) = 1 section or un			ents in A ×
That means: n( Formula Tip-2 Let A, B and (	A) = m and n(B) = n Cartesian product C be three non-empt	n	n(A × B) = 1 section or un			ents in A ×
That means: n( Formula Tip-2: Let A, B and (	A) = m and $n(B) = n$ Cartesian product C be three non-empt B $n(C) = (A \times B) n$	n with inter ty sets, the (A × C)	n(A × B) = 1 section of un en, In JEE Exams	ion of set and NCERI	s , question	s have
That means: n( Formula Tip-2 Let A, B and ( A × (E A × (E	A) = m and n(B) = n Cartesian product C be three non-empt B $\cap$ C) = (A × B) $\cap$ B $\cup$ C) = (A × B) $\cup$	n $\rightarrow$ twith inter (A × C) (A × C)	n(A × B) = 1 section of un en, In JEE Exams been asked t	ion of set and NCERI	s , question	s have
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