Related Problems with Solutions

Problem 2:

Question 7:

A company manufactures two types of novelty souvenirs made of plywood. Souvenirs of type A require 5 minutes each for cutting and 10 minutes each for assembling. Souvenirs of type B require 8 minutes each for cutting and 8 minutes each for assembling. There are 3 hours 20 minutes available for cutting and 4 hours of assembling. The profit is Rs 5 each for type A and Rs 6 each for type B souvenirs. How many souvenirs of each type should the company manufacture in order to maximize the profit?

Answer

Let the company manufacture \boldsymbol{x} souvenirs of type A and \boldsymbol{y} souvenirs of type B.

Therefore,

 $x \ge 0$ and $y \ge 0$

The given information can be complied in a table as follows.

	Type A	Туре В	Availability
Cutting (min)	5	8	3 × 60 + 20 = 200
Assembling (min)	10	8	4 × 60 = 240

The profit on type A souvenirs is Rs 5 and on type B souvenirs is Rs 6. Therefore, the constraints are

 $5x + 8y \le 200$

$$10x + 8y \le 240$$
 i.e., $5x + 4y \le 120$

Total profit, Z = 5x + 6y

The mathematical formulation of the given problem is

Maximize Z = 5x + 6y ... (1)

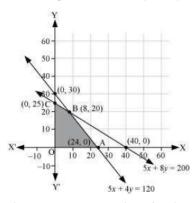
subject to the constraints,

$$5x + 8y \le 200 \dots (2)$$

$$5x + 4y \le 120 \dots (3)$$

$$x, y \ge 0 \dots (4)$$

The feasible region determined by the system of constraints is as follows.



The corner points are A (24, 0), B (8, 20), and C (0, 25).

The values of Z at these corner points are as follows.

Corner point	Z = 5x + 6y	
A(24, 0)	120	
B(8, 20)	160	→ Maximum
C(0, 25)	150	

The maximum value of Z is 200 at (8, 20).

Thus, 8 souvenirs of type A and 20 souvenirs of type B should be produced each day to get the maximum profit of Rs 160.