Question -

In the binomial expansion of $(a - b)^n$, $n \ge 5$ the sum of the 5th and 6th terms is zero. Then, a/b equals

(2001, 1M)

(a)
$$\frac{n-5}{6}$$
 (b) $\frac{n-4}{5}$ (c) $\frac{5}{n-4}$

(b)
$$\frac{n-4}{5}$$

(c)
$$\frac{5}{n-4}$$

(d)
$$\frac{6}{n-5}$$

Ans - B Solution -

Given,
$$T_5 + T_6 = 0$$

 $\Rightarrow {}^{n}C_4 a^{n-4} b^4 - {}^{n}C_5 a^{n-5} b^5 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow {}^{n}C_4 a^{n-4} b^4 = {}^{n}C_5 a^{n-5} b^5 \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{{}^{n}C_5}{{}^{n}C_4} = \frac{n-4}{5}$