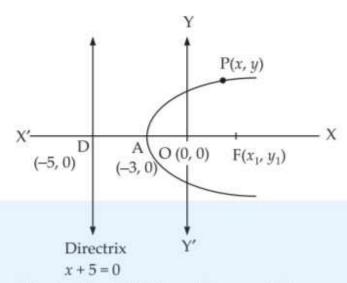
- Q 3. If the vertex of the parabola is the point (-3, 0) and the directrix is the line x + 5 = 0, then the equation is
 - (a) $y^2 = 8(x+3)$ (b) $x^2 = 8(y+3)$
 - (c) $v^2 = -8(x+3)$ (d) $v^2 = 8(x+5)$
- **Sol.** Given that vertex = (-3, 0)

$$\therefore a = -3$$

and directrix is x + 5 = 0



According to the definition of the parabola, we get AF = AD i.e., A is the mid-point of DF

$$\therefore -3 = \frac{x_1 - 5}{2} \implies x_1 = -6 + 5 = -1$$

and

$$0 = \frac{0 + y_1}{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad y_1 = 0$$

:. Focus
$$F = (-1, 0)$$

Now
$$\sqrt{(x+1)^2 + (y-0)^2} = \left| \frac{x+5}{\sqrt{1^2 + 0^2}} \right|$$

Squaring both sides, we get

$$(x+1)^2 + y^2 = (x+5)^2$$

$$x^2 + 1 + 2x + y^2 = x^2 + 25 + 10x$$

$$(x+1)^{2} + y^{2} = (x+5)^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{2} + 1 + 2x + y^{2} = x^{2} + 25 + 10x$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{2} = 10x - 2x + 24 \Rightarrow y^{2} = 8x + 24$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{2} = 8(x+3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \qquad y^2 = 8(x+3)$$

Hence, the correct option is (a).